

SET - B

<p>GSEB Batch : 10th Std. Eng. Medium</p>	<p>MAHESH TUTORIALS SUBJECT : Social Science(010) First Preliminary Exam Question Paper</p>	<p>Date: Marks : 50 Time: 1 Hrs.</p>
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PART - A	
Instructions :	<p>[1] All 1 to 50 objective questions are compulsory. (Write your answer in the OMR Answer Sheet given separately.)</p> <p>[2] All objective questions carry equal marks. Each of 1 mark.</p> <p>[3] A O, B O, C O, D O are given for each questions in the given separate OMR Answer Sheet. You have to dark compulsory ● the circle(O) with pen to the correct answer from the given alternatives.</p>
<p>1. _____ had a matriarchial system of family.</p> <p>(A) Australoid (B) Mongoloid (C) Aryans (D) Dravidians</p> <p>2. The figure of a bullock or lion on an inverted lotus belongs to which era ?</p> <p>(A) Mauryan (B) Mughal (C) Solanki (D) Gupta</p> <p>3. Who created 'Sangeet Parijat' ?</p> <p>(A) Pandit Narad (B) Pandit Sarangdev (C) Pandit Jasraj (D) Pandit Ahobale</p> <p>4. Which of the following in not the composition of Kalidas ?</p> <p>(A) Vikramorvashiyam (B) Abhigyan Shakuntalam (C) Malvikagnimitram (D) Devasur Sangram</p> <p>5. Who discovered Khapra-Kodiya caves of Kutch ?</p> <p>(A) Dayaram Sahni (B) Sir John Marshal (C) Rakhalidas Benarji (D) K. K. Shastri</p> <p>6. The pointed exterior part of Garbhgruha at the top is known as _____.</p> <p>(A) Garbhagruha (B) Mandapa (C) Shikhar (D) Vimana</p> <p>7. The interior part of mosque wall which is of human height and indicates correct direction to Mecca is _____.</p> <p>(A) Sahan (B) Mahrab (C) Kibla (D) Livan</p> <p>8. The literature composed on philosophy and result of deep and inccent thinking.</p> <p>(A) Aranyakas (B) Upanishads (C) Vedantas (D) Brahminical Literature</p> <p>9. Whose son was Taksha ?</p> <p>(A) Ram (B) Laxman (C) Bharat (D) Shatrughna</p> <p>10. From where are the statues of Lord Buddha of reign of Kushan kings found ?</p> <p>(A) Takshashila (B) Nalanda (C) Vallabhi (D) Kashi</p> <p>11. What is the similarity among Brahma, Brihaspati and Bhrgu ?</p> <p>(A) All of them wrote books on science. (B) All of them were the scholars of Gupta period. (C) All of them were the pioneers of Vastushastra. (D) All of them are Gods according to Hindu traditions.</p>	

12.	Who was Varahmihir? (A) Astrologist (B) Astronomist (C) Only A (D) Both A and B
13.	Which was an ancient city where jewellery and beads were manufactured about 5000 years ago ? (A) Rangpur (B) Lothal (C) Dholaveera (D) Mohen-Jo-Daro
14.	Select the proper order of pairs : Temple State 1. Sun temple, Konark (A) Madhya Pradesh 2. Virupaksha temple, Pattadakal (B) Tamil Nadu 3. Brihadeshwar temple (C) Karnataka 4. Khajuraho temple (D) Odisha (A) (1 - d), (2 - c), (3 - b), (4 - a) (B) (1 - c), (2 - d), (3 - a), (4 - b) (C) (1 - c), (2 - d), (3 - b), (4 - a) (D) (1 - c), (2 - b), (3 - d), (4 - a)
15.	When was a law enacted to protect most previous art works ? (A) 1968 (B) 1972 (C) 1978 (D) 1962
16.	Which of the following pairs is a mismatch ? (A) Indian Museum - New Delhi (B) Prince of Wales Museum - Mumbai (C) Salarjung Museum - Hyderabad (D) Rashtriya Manav Sangrahalaya - Bhopal
17.	The meaning of the Latin word 'Later' is _____. (A) After wards (B) Delay (C) Rock (D) Brick
18.	The gases present in the atmosphere come under _____. (A) Universal resources (B) Generally available resources (C) Rare resources (D) Solitary resources
19.	Identify the soil : - This soil becomes smooth like butter when it becomes wet. - This soil becomes hard when it is dry. (A) Alluvial soil (B) Black soil (C) Red soil (D) Laterite soil
20.	Identify the animal. - It is found in the cold forests of eastern Himalayas. - Its main food is bamboo sprouts, eggs, small birds, insects etc. - It is less active during the day. (A) Chilotro (B) Red Panda (C) One horned Rhino (D) Owl
21.	The bird which was once widespread in Arunachal of North-East is not seen so easily. (A) Chilotro (B) lienotaro (C) Ghorad (D) Vulture
22.	In the production of which of the following condiments is Gujarat first ? (A) Isabgul (B) Fenugreek (C) Mustard (D) Corriander
23.	Which of the following is not a rabi crop ? (A) Wheat (B) Mustard (C) Gram (D) Paddy

24. Which of the following is a grass food crop and a staple food of the adivasi people in hilly region ?

- (A) Maize (B) Jowar (C) Nagli (Ragi) (D) Barley

25. Across which river is Dharoi project constructed ?

- (A) Narmada (B) Tapi
(C) Mahi (Mahisagar) (D) Sabarmati

26. Why has the ground water level decreased?

- (A) Due to more and more extraction of water through wells and tube wells
(B) Agriculture water is used in industries in uncontrolled quantity
(C) Because of insufficient rain water harvesting
(D) None of these

27. The Eastern Yamuna canal was constructed in _____.

- (A) 1780 (B) 1882 (C) 1892 (D) 1792

28. Oil refineries are located at _____ in India.

- (A) Cochin and Chennai (B) Kolkata and Koyali
(C) Guwahati and Haldia (D) All of these

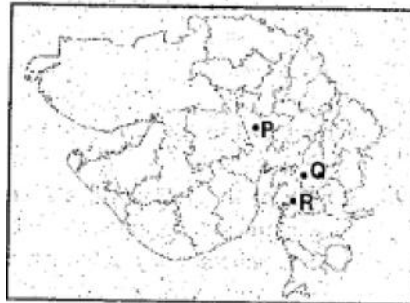
29. Which type of mica is found in large quantity in India ?

- (A) Urovite (B) Monozite (C) Monovite (D) Muscovite

30. Synthetic industry : Kerala, West Bengal, Tamil Nadu ; Sugar industry :

- _____
(A) Karnataka, Andhra Pradesh (B) Uttar Pradesh, Tamil Nadu
(C) Maharashtra, Gujarat (D) All of these

31. Identify the marked major centers of chemical industry.



- (A) P : Ahmedabad, Q : Vadodara, R Bharuch
(B) P : Jamnagar, Q : Surat, R : Kheda
(C) P : Vadodara, Q : Morbi, R : Surat
(D) P : Vadodara, Q : Surat, R : Bharuch

32. Which city of Gujarat is called 'Denim City of India' ?

- (A) Surat (B) Rajkot (C) Ahmedabad (D) Vadodara

33. When was Bharat Electronics Limited (BEL) established ?

- (A) 1960 (B) 1972 (C) 1956 (D) 1958

34. Which trade has experienced changes after the liberalization process in 1991?

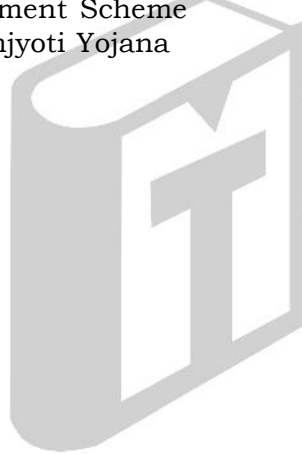
- (A) Inter-state trade (B) Regional trade
(C) Internal trade (D) International trade

35. The scheme to develop which port is undertaken in Gujarat ?

- (A) Poshitra (B) Navlakhi (C) Mundra (D) Pipavav

<p>36.</p> <p>37.</p> <p>38.</p> <p>39.</p> <p>40.</p> <p>41.</p> <p>42.</p> <p>43.</p> <p>44.</p> <p>45.</p>	<p>Why human wants are unlimited? (A) Many need arise frequently (B) One wants generate need for others (C) Due to advancement in technology (D) All the three</p> <p>Competition controls the market like _____. (A) Force and regulation (B) Visible policies (C) Invisible hand (D) Straight motivation</p> <p>Which commodities export has increased after becoming member of WTO? (A) Toys (B) Readymade Clothes (C) Bicycle (D) Machinery</p> <p>In which country Earth Conference was organised? (A) Sweden (B) Sri Lanka (C) Sudan (D) Switzerland</p> <p>Which of the following is not a disadvantage of economic liberalization ? (A) Decrease in foreign exchange (B) Lack behind in agricultural sector (C) Increase in foreign debts (D) Increase in disparity of income</p> <p>Which of the following statements is incorrect about Education Index? (A) It is one of the parameter to determine HDI. (B) It has two sub-divisions and they are MYS and EYS. (C) According to Human Development Report of 2015, average schooling years of Indians is 6 years. (D) According to UNDP, average years of schooling index is 11.7 years.</p> <p>Which of the following countries had maximum GNI according to HDR 2015? (A) Japan (B) France (C) Norway (D) Netherland</p> <p>Match the following columns:</p> <table border="0"> <tr> <td>(A) Article 17</td> <td>(1) Restrict exploitation in the tribal regions land transactions, money lending, etc.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>(B) Article 25</td> <td>(2) Untouchability is totally eradicated and its practice in any form is prohibited.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>(C) Article 19(5)</td> <td>(3) State are given right to frame a law or continue any existing law which permits the public institutions for social welfare to keep Hindu religious institutions open to all Hindu.</td> </tr> </table> <p>(A) (a - 3), (b - 1), (c - 2) (B) (a - 2), (b - 3), (c - 1) (C) (a - 2), (b - 1), (c - 3) (D) (a - 1), (b - 3), (c - 2)</p> <p>Which of the following statements is wrong about minorities? P : A group of people forming less than half of the total population of a region or a country can be called minority. Q : The concept of minority is restricted to religion. R : Minorities have lesser rights than majorities. S : If a community is in majority in any region or in state's total population it can be in minority at national level. (A) S (B) P (C) Both Q and R (D) None of these</p> <p>"Corruption means misuse of public position for personal benefits". Who gave this definition? (A) WB (B) UN (C) ILO (D) RBI</p>	(A) Article 17	(1) Restrict exploitation in the tribal regions land transactions, money lending, etc.	(B) Article 25	(2) Untouchability is totally eradicated and its practice in any form is prohibited.	(C) Article 19(5)	(3) State are given right to frame a law or continue any existing law which permits the public institutions for social welfare to keep Hindu religious institutions open to all Hindu.
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46. Which of the following years was announced as the "International Elderly Year" by UN?
(A) 2002 (B) 2007 (C) 1999 (D) 1995
47. The unemployment caused by the inadequate development of agriculture and absence alternative employment is _____.
(A) Seasonal unemployment (B) Frictional unemployment
(C) Structural unemployment (D) Industrial unemployment
48. The shops which provide necessary goods through public distribution system are called _____.
(A) Reasonable price shop (B) Subsidised price shop
(C) Fair price shop (D) Cheap price shop
49. When one group of people have less income than other. What is it called?
(A) Relative poor (B) Absolute poor
(C) comprehensive poor (D) poverty line
50. Which scheme provides 100 days guaranteed employment?
(A) Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Act
(B) Integrated Dairy Development Scheme
(C) Dindayal Upadhyay Gramjyoti Yojana
(D) Bajpai Bankable Yojana



SET - B

GSEB Batch : 10 th Std. Eng. Medium	MAHESH TUTORIALS SUBJECT : Social Science(010) First Preliminary Exam Question Paper	Date: Marks : 50 Time: 2 Hrs.
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PART - B		
Instructions :	[1] There are four sections in this question paper and total 18 questions. [2] All questions are compulsory. [3] Take care of internal options in the question paper. [4] Draw neat, clean and labelled diagram as directed. [5] The number on the right-hand indicates marks. [6] Write the answer of questions according to the section.	
	PART - B SECTION - A Answer the following questions : [2 marks]	10
1.	Give description of Mongoloid tribe.	
2.	Explain the importance of architectural style of 'Gopuram'.	
	OR	
2.	Write a note on literature developed during Delhi Sultanate.	
3.	A proper irrigation system is required in India. Give reason.	
4.	Explain : Rhino Project.	
5.	What are the drawbacks of socialist system?	
	SECTION - B Answer the following questions : [2 marks]	10
6.	Waterways are cheaper than other forms of transport. Give reason.	
	OR	
6.	Explain about ropeways of India.	
7.	How is the sentiment 'Vasudhev Kutumbkam' realized ?	
8.	It is extremely important to educate women. Give reason.	
9.	Where are the sugar and jaggery factories located ? Why ?	
10.	What is rebellion or insurgency? Explain.	
	SECTION - C Answer the following questions : [3 marks]	15
11.	Write a note on discoveries made by Aryabhatta in mathematics.	
12.	Write a note on Patola of Patan.	
	OR	
12.	Give information about Garba and Garbi of Gujarat.	
13.	Write about the classification of minerals.	
14.	Why there is more inclination for organic farming ?	
15.	What is RTE Act?	
	OR	
15.	The United Nations emphasizes on giving equal human rights to all the human beings. Give reason.	
	SECTION - D Answer the following questions : [5 marks]	15
16.	Give information about Qutub Minar and Humayun's tomb.	
17.	Explain "Price rise is beneficial as well as a hindrance in economic development".	
	OR	
17.	Discuss in detail the duties of the consumers to save themselves from exploitation. [Any 6 Points]	

18. **MAP**
- i. Narmada Valley Project
 - ii. Ranthambhor National Park
 - iii. Major Coffee Producing Region
 - iv. Bokaro Steel Plant
 - v. Rail route between Delhi - Mumbai Via any two junctions

★★★★ *Best of Luck* ★★★★★

