

SET - A

<p>GSEB Batch : 10<sup>th</sup> Std. Eng. Medium</p>	<p><b>MAHESH TUTORIALS</b> <b>SUBJECT : Social Science(010)</b> <b>Second Preliminary Exam</b> <b>Question Paper</b></p>	<p>Date: Marks : 50 Time: 1 Hrs.</p>
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PART - A	
<b>Instructions :</b>	<p>[1] All <b>1 to 50</b> objective questions are compulsory. (Write your answer in the OMR Answer Sheet given separately.)</p> <p>[2] All objective questions carry equal marks. Each of <b>1 mark</b>.</p> <p>[3] A O, B O, C O, D O are given for each questions in the given separate OMR Answer Sheet. You have to dark compulsory ● the circle(O) with pen to the correct answer from the given alternatives.</p>
1.	<p><b>Stone inscription of Ashoka are found at _____ in Gujarat.</b></p>
2.	<p>_____ fair of Bhavnagar is organised on Bhadarva Vad Amas.</p>
3.	<p><b>Which book did Bharatmuni compose ?</b></p>
4.	<p><b>Dhamaal dance is related to which community ?</b></p>
5.	<p><b>Citadel means _____.</b></p>
6.	<p><b>The railing around the top of the oval shaped stupa is called _____.</b></p>
7.	<p><b>Which mosque is known as 'Mosque of Nageena' (Masjid-e-Nageena) ?</b></p>
8.	<p><b>Who was the King of Varanasi ?</b></p>
9.	<p><b>Who composed Ramayana in Bengali ?</b></p>
10.	<p><b>Book written by Bhrambhavya Panchal is .....</b></p>
11.	<p><b>Identify me :</b></p>
12.	<p><b>I discovered signs of addition and subtraction.</b></p>
	<p><b>Whose idol is worth seeing from the rock-carved temples at Mahabalipuram?</b></p>

13.	<b>What was the style of architecture used to build Brihadeshwar temple ?</b> (A) Mathura (B) Iranian (C) Dravidian (D) Nagar
14.	<b>Which is the most grand gateway in the world ?</b> (A) Lahori Gate in Delhi (B) Buland Darwaza at Fatehpur Sikri (C) Gumbaz Darwaza in Bijapur (D) Gateway of India in Mumbai
15.	<b>When was Indian Board of Wildlife set up ?</b> (A) 1949 (B) 1947 (C) 1972 (D) 1952
16.	<b>Where is L. D. Institute of Indology situated ?</b> (A) Delhi (B) Vadodara (C) Patan (D) Ahmedabad
17.	<b>What remains pollution free because of the planning of resources?</b> (A) Climate (B) Minerals (C) Forests (D) Environment
18.	<b>There is more proportion of potash, phosphoric acid and _____ in the alluvial soil.</b> (A) Lime stone (B) Nitrogen (C) Humus (D) Iron
19.	<b>Cryolite mineral is available only in _____.</b> (A) Finland (B) New Zealand (C) England (D) Greenland
20.	<b>Which of the following animals belongs to Africa ?</b> (A) Zarakh (B) European wolf, wild goat, Kashmiri deer (C) Elephant, Gibbon (D) Snow leopard, Red Panda, Rhino
21.	<b>The forests where local people are permitted to collect the wood and graze their animals without causing any harm to the trees are called _____.</b> (A) Reserved forest (B) Protected forest (C) Unclassified forest (D) Communal forest
22.	<b>Which of the following is not a crop of wet farming ?</b> (A) Paddy (B) Sugarcane (C) Jowar (D) Vegetables
23.	<b>Given below are some crops of India, their soil requirement, states producing it and some of their characteristics. Find out the correct statement.</b> (A) Tea-slopy land containing Iron-Assam and West Bengal-leading exporter (B) Tobacco-Black soil-Andhra Pradesh and Madhya-Pradesh-used in making Cigarettes Bidis'. (C) Jowar-under the shadow of trees Gujarat and Rajasthan-cash crop. (D) Groundnut-Hard soil-Punjab and Kashmir-king of crops.
24.	<b>Which type of tree is rubber ?</b> (A) Beverage (B) Cereals (C) Nuts (D) Latex
25.	<b>Which of the following statements is not true?</b> (A) Compared to canals, the irrigation through wells and tube wells is more in India. (B) Himalayan rivers are called seasonal rivers. (C) Water which is soaked from the surface into the ground is called ground water. (D) Punjab and Haryana are leading states in irrigation.
26.	<b>More than _____ area of the total area sown is under irrigation in Jammu-Kashmir, Manipur, Bihar, Uttar Pradesh, Punjab and Haryana.</b>

	(A) 48%	(B) 42%	(C) 40%	(D) 50%
<b>27.</b>	<b>The volume of ground water is _____.</b>			
	(A) limited	(B) unlimited	(C) very less	(D) about to exhaust
<b>28.</b>	<b>Which of the following types of iron is not found in India?</b>			
	(A) Hematite	(B) Lematite	(C) Magnetite	(D) Siderite
<b>29.</b>	<b>Limestone is used in the production of which of the following ?</b>			
	(A) Sugar refining	(B) Insecticides	(C) Storage battery cells	(D) Kerosene refining
<b>30.</b>	<b>Which of the following cities is called cottonopolis of India for cotton textiles?</b>			
	(A) Indore	(B) Mumbai	(C) Ahmedabad	(D) Nagpur
<b>31.</b>	<b>How many types of silk are produced in India?</b>			
	(A) 2	(B) 5	(C) 4	(D) 3
<b>32.</b>	<b>Which mineral is used in making iron-steel ?</b>			
	(A) Zinc	(B) Bauxite	(C) Manganese	(D) Copper
<b>33.</b>	<b>Which of the following industries is agro-based industry ?</b>			
	(A) Gunny bags	(B) Insecticides	(C) Aluminium Utensils	(D) Synthetic fibre
<b>34.</b>	<b>Transportation is easily carried out by roadways and railways in _____ region.</b>			
	(A) Thick forest	(B) Plain	(C) Mountain terrain	(D) All of these
<b>35.</b>	<b>Ropeways in India : Cherrapunji, Chennai, Malai ; Ropeways in Gujarat _____</b>			
	(A) Pavagadh	(B) Saputara	(C) Ambaji	(D) All of these
<b>36.</b>	<b>Economically, India is which type of economy?</b>			
	(A) Developed	(B) Backward	(C) Poor	(D) Developing
<b>37.</b>	<b>What is one of the demerit of mixed economy?</b>			
	(A) less economic development	(B) more production	(C) more research in production	(D) Income equality
<b>38.</b>	<b>Which sector was focused in Liberalization in New Economic Policy?</b>			
	(A) Agriculture	(B) Service	(C) Industrial	(D) Social work
<b>39.</b>	<b>In which year Air pollution Control Act was passed?</b>			
	(A) 1971	(B) 1991	(C) 1981	(D) 1951
<b>40.</b>	<b>The development through pollution free and environment friendly attitude means</b>			
	(A) Economic development	(B) Economic growth	(C) Sustainable growth	(D) Sustainable development
<b>41.</b>	<b>Which of the following countries has highest Human Development Index?</b>			
	(A) India	(B) Niger	(C) Norway	(D) Brazil

- 42. Match the following columns :**
- | <b>Country</b>                         | <b>HDI</b>                             |
|--|--|
| (a) Norway                             | (1) 0.930                              |
| (b) Switzerland                        | (2) 0.944                              |
| (c) Denmark                            | (3) 0.923                              |
| (d) Netherland                         | (4) 0.922                              |
| (A) (a - 3), (b - 1), (c - 2), (d - 4) | (B) (a - 2 , (b - 1), (c - 3), (d - 4) |
| (C) (a - 2), (b - 4), (c - 1), (d - 3) | (D) (a - 1), (b - 4), (c - 3), (d - 2) |
- 43. Scheduled castes are scheduled in article \_\_\_\_\_.**
- (A) 314                      (B) 341                      (C) 342                      (D) 334
- 44. Naxalism was inspired by \_\_\_\_\_.**
- (A) Chinese Revolution                      (B) French Revolution  
(C) Pakistani Revolution                      (D) Afghan Revolution
- 45. Who investigates allegations against government employees charged with corruption?**
- (A) Central Bureau of Investigation                      (B) Central Anti-bribery Bureau  
(C) Central Bureau of Anti-corruption                      (D) Central Anti-Corruption Department
- 46. In which of the following states the highest number of elderly people can be found?**
- (A) Assam                      (B) Meghalaya  
(C) Arunachal Pradesh                      (D) Tamil Nadu
- 47. Hoarding causes \_\_\_\_\_.**
- (A) Rumours                      (B) Scarcity                      (C) Speculation                      (D) None of these
- 48. When did Consumers International publish notification about consumer rights?**
- (A) 15th March, 1982                      (B) 15th March, 1983  
(C) 15th April, 1985                      (D) 25th June, 1986
- 49. Which programme is introduced by present government to remove poverty and uplift rural area?**
- (A) Garibi Hatao                      (B) Bharat Navnirman  
(C) Gramoday to Bharat Uday                      (D) Gramoddhar Yojana
- 50. How many % of population was below poverty line 2011-2012?**
- (A) 22.8%                      (B) 20.4%                      (C) 27.9%                      (D) 21.9%

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<b>PART - B</b>		
<b>Instructions :</b>	[1] There are four sections in this question paper and total 18 questions. [2] All questions are compulsory. [3] Take care of internal options in the question paper. [4] Draw neat, clean and labelled diagram as directed. [5] The number on the right-hand indicates marks. [6] Write the answer of questions according to the section.	
	<b>SECTION - A</b>	
	<b>Answer the following questions : [2 marks]</b> 1. 'The rivers of India remained reverential' - Give Reason. 2. Give details about the public bath of Mohan-jo-Daro. OR 2. Where do we find artistic stepwells in Gujarat ? 3. Which programmes are included in watershed development ? 4. Give brief information about Henotaro. 5. What are the advantages of socialist system.	<b>10</b>
	<b>SECTION - B</b>	
	<b>Answer the following questions : [2 marks]</b> 6. Which are the main commodities exported from India? OR 6. Enlist important Oceanic ports of India and Gujarat. 7. What care should be kept in view while undertaking repairs of the historical monuments ? 8. Which new technique is used to measure human development index? 9. Which are the challenges against the cotton textile industry of India ? 10. Children should be protected from exploitation. Give reason.	<b>10</b>
	<b>SECTION - C</b>	
	<b>Answer the following questions : [3 marks]</b> 11. Write a short note on Delhi's Red Fort. 12. Give information about the art of embroidery work of India. OR 12. Describe the tribal dances of Gujarat. 13. Sustainable use of energy is the only way to a bright future. Give reason. 14. Explain In detail - 'Wheat Crop of India'. 15. What is casteism? State its effect on Indian society. OR 15. State the economic effects of terrorism.	<b>15</b>
	<b>SECTION - D</b>	
	<b>Answer the following questions : [5 marks]</b> 16. Write about the development in chemistry achieved by ancient India. 17. Give information about efforts made by government to reduce poverty. [Any 10] OR 17. Why has it become necessary to control price rise? 18. <b>MAP</b> i. Hirakud Project ii. Corbett National Park	<b>15</b>

- iii. Major Groundnut producing state in India
- iv. Raurkella Iron and Steel, Plant
- v. National Highway - 7 with two cities

★★★★ *Best of Luck* ★★★★★

